

Current situation of the shrimp industry in Ecuador



Yahira Piedrahita June 11, 2018



About Ecuador



Location: South America

North Border: Colombia

South Border: Peru

West Border: Pacific ocean

Capital: Quito

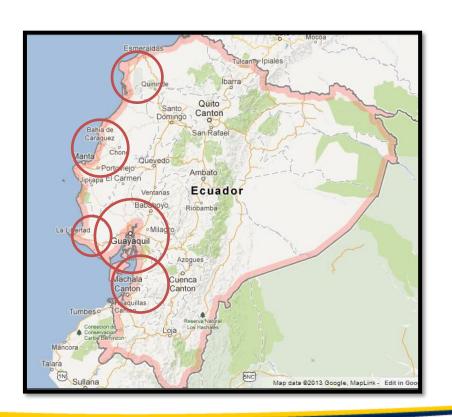
Currency: United States dollar

Population: 14,666,055

Area: 258,238 Km²



Shrimp industry in Ecuador



- •Shrimp ponds are located in five provinces: Guayas (60%), El Oro (20%), Manabí (9%), Esmeraldas (9%), Santa Elena (2%).
- •Second largest exported product after oil.



Ecuadorian shrimp in numbers -2017

220,000

farming

Hectares for shrimp

100,000

Direct and indirect jobs related to farm and processing

3,037

USD millions exported *BCE

438,000

195,000

4th.

MT exported in 2017

Direct and indirect jobs related to the industry

Shrimp supplier to US 71,787 MT



Global shrimp production

	Asia Total	Latinoamérica Total	Total Mundial
2010	2.950.936	475.238	3.426.174
2011	3.169.318	496.392	3.665.710
2012	3.380.281	511.397	3.891.678
2013	2.864.018	502.462	3.366.480
2014	3.018.800	608.698	3.627.498
2015	3.147.931	679.557	3.827.488
2016*	3.611.099	723.458	4.334.557

expressed as MT*



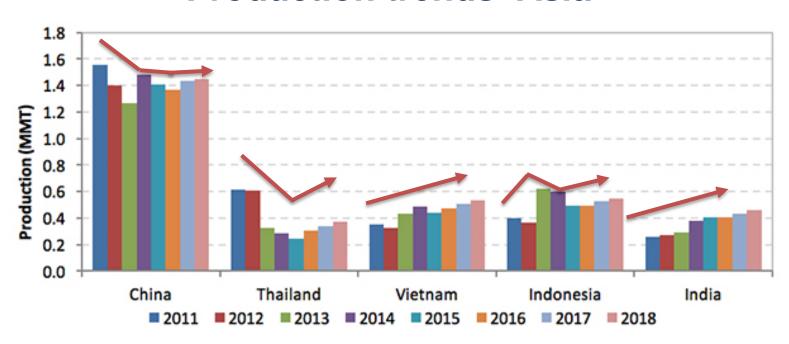
Context of global shrimp production Latin America

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Ecuador	146.204	178.019	204.024	215.109	277.166	327.412	368.181
Rest of Latin America	329.034	318.373	307.373	287.353	331.532	352.145	355.277
TOTAL LATIN AMERICA	475.238	496.392	511.397	502.462	608.698	679.557	723.458

in MT

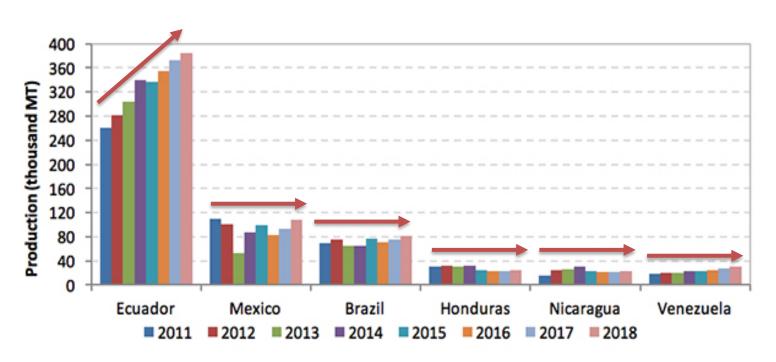


Production trends- Asia

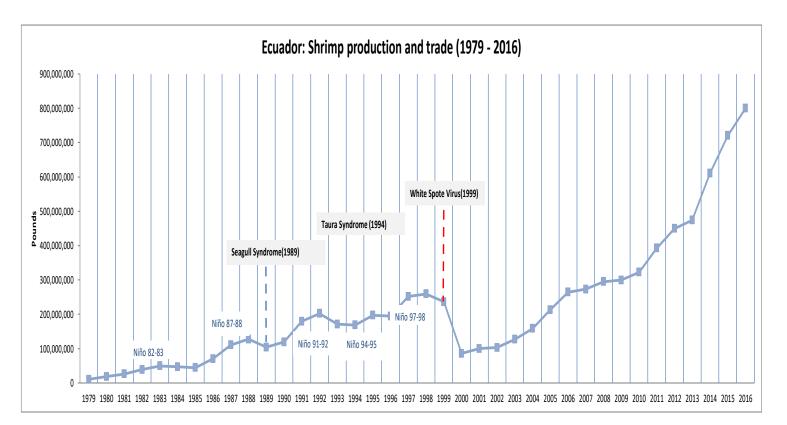




Production trends- Latin America

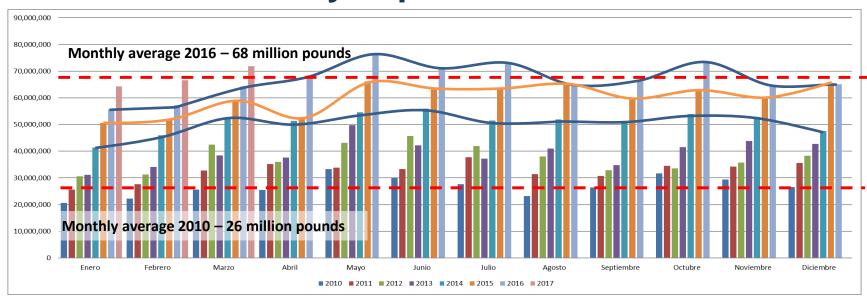








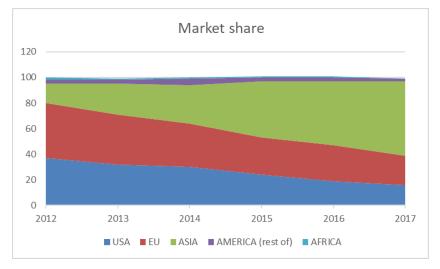
Ecuador monthly exports 2010 - 2017





MARKERT SHARE OF ECUADORIAN SHRIMP (%)							
REGION	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
USA	37	32	30	24	19	16	
EU	43	39	34	29	28	23	
ASIA	15	24	30	44	50	58	
AMERICA (rest of)	3	3	5	3	3	2	
AFRICA	2	1	1	1	1	0	
TOTAL (MT)	204.453	215.562	277.749	327.413	363.570	426.629	



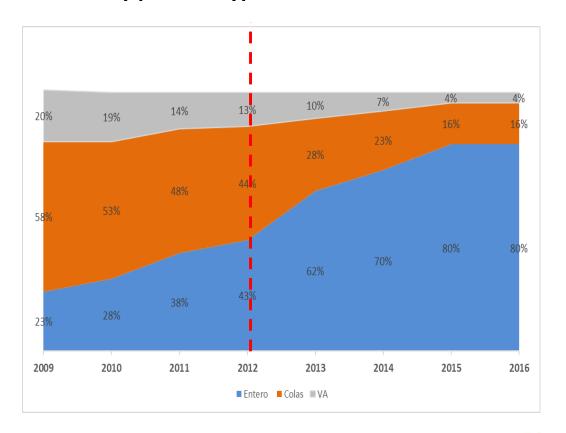




Sales by product type

The opening of the Chinese market has significantly stimulated the export of whole shrimp from Ecuador in recent years. This phenomenon has the following consequences:

- 1. Increases export volume (33% more exported in pounds that do not fall off)
- The export of whole shrimp implies more foreign exchange when exporting more volume
- 3. Improves profitability for the industry (better prices for the producer, greater productivity in shrimp and plants)



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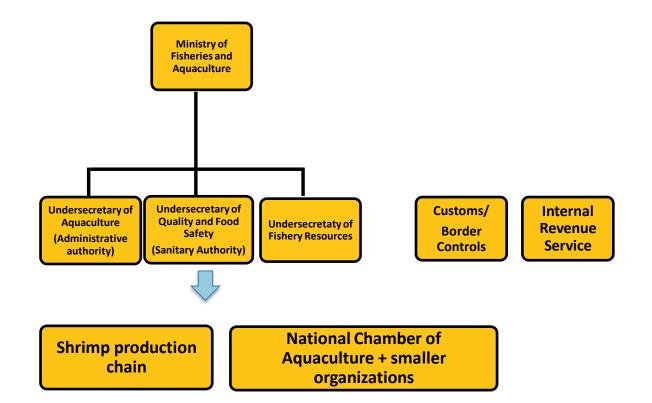
What is Ecuador doing?



Structure and institutions

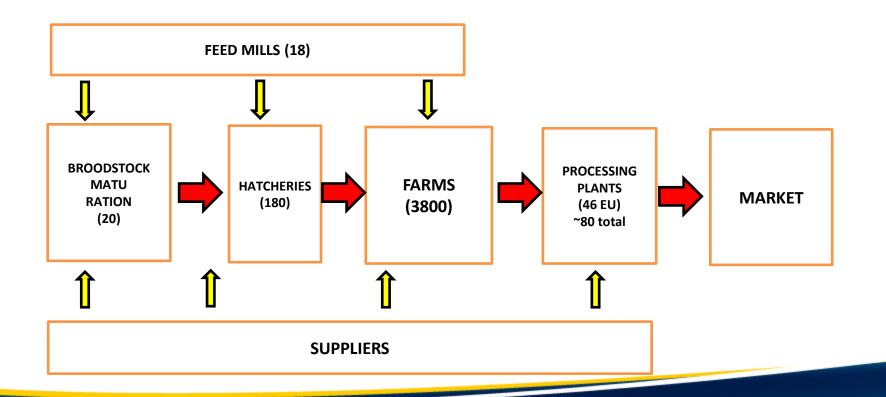
GOVERNMENT SECTOR

PRIVATE SECTOR





Shrimp production chain in Ecuador







ENVIRONMENT AND PRODUCTION



Sustainability

SURFACE	1969	1984	1987	1991	1995	1999	2006	2015*
Mangroves	202.201	182.157	175.157	162.186	146.938	149.556	148.230	148.230
Shrimp farms	300	89.368	117.728	145.998	178.071	175.253	175.748	213,032
Salt marshes	52.938	20.022	12.273	6.320	5.109	4.531	3.705	3.705

in hectares

Ecuadorian Shrimp Industry operates a production model that seeks sustainable growth without a significant yearly increasing since 1999 (1.4%).

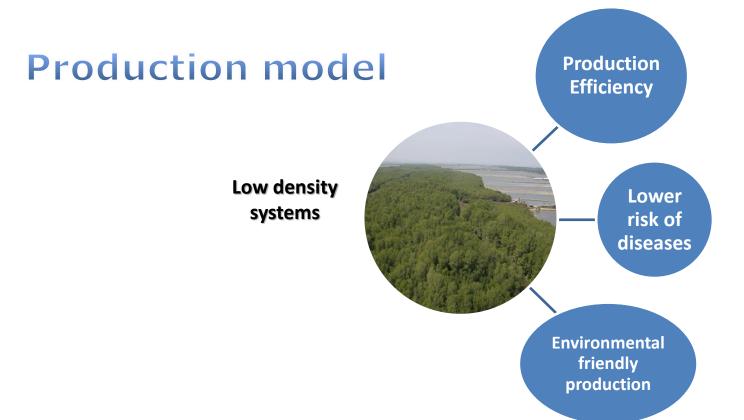


Farms Geographic location



66.3% of all shrimp ponds are located in private land and **33.7%** in intertidal territories.







Disease prevention

Ecuadorian shrimp is produced with probiotic elements, which do not affect the product, the environment or people. Ecuador implemented widespread use of probiotics, microorganisms that benefit the environment and crop species. Since 2005 no alerts for the presence of antibiotics or controlled substances in ecuadorian shrimp have been reported in the Ecuadorian shrimp industry.





Water Quality



Water quality of the effluents is better than the entering farming systems since shrimp farms act as settlers, allowing to reduce suspended solids in the water and fulfill local regulations and international best practice standards.



Mangrove Reforestation

Nowadays, shrimp sector is the essential actor that reforests mangrove in Ecuador society.

Two thirds of the shrimp production area are located in upland territory, i.e. private lands not suitable for agriculture, meaning no mangrove areas are affected



81% of shrimp farmers located in inter-tidal lands are medium and small producers, with extensions less than 50 hectares.



One third of the shrimp production areas correspond to beach and bay, i.e. near mangrove areas, which are concessioned by the state to producers who have settled mostly on salt marshes / salt flats



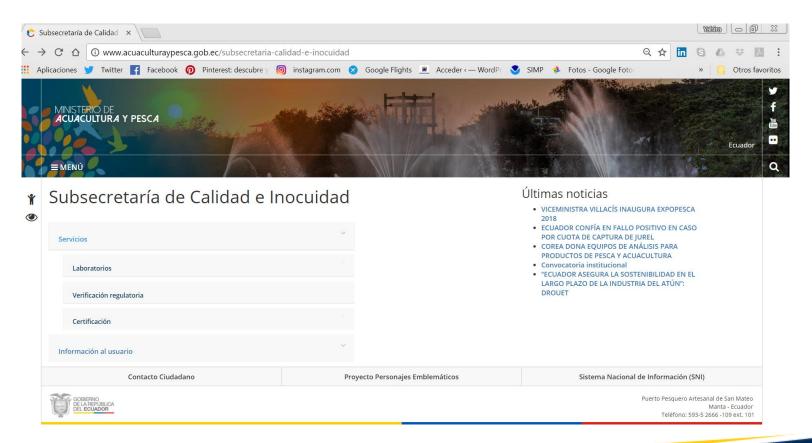


National Control Plan

- The Undersecretary of Quality and Food Safety (SCI) is the Competent Authority of Ecuador on the health issue for the fisheries and aquaculture sector.
- The Undersecretary of Quality and Food Safety fulfills its role through the implementation of the National Control Plan (PNC).
- PNC is the regulation that describes the protocols applied by the SCI of Ecuador to do health checks on fishery and aquaculture products. The main objective is to provide government guarantees regarding to harmlessness of the products that are required by importing countries.

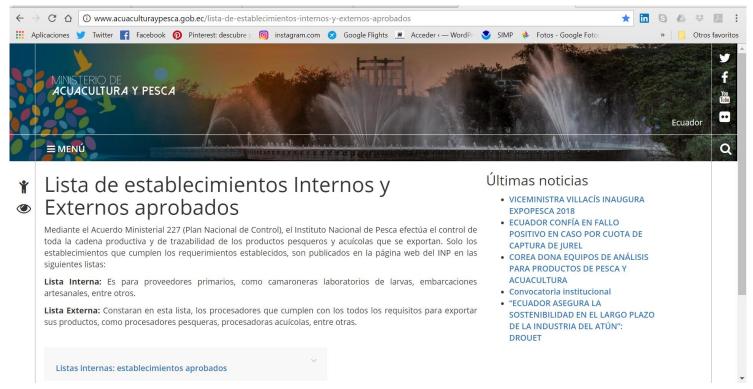






Public information

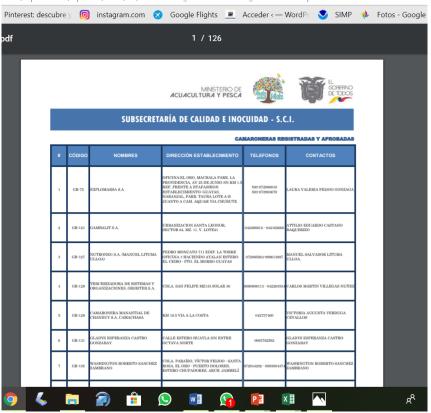




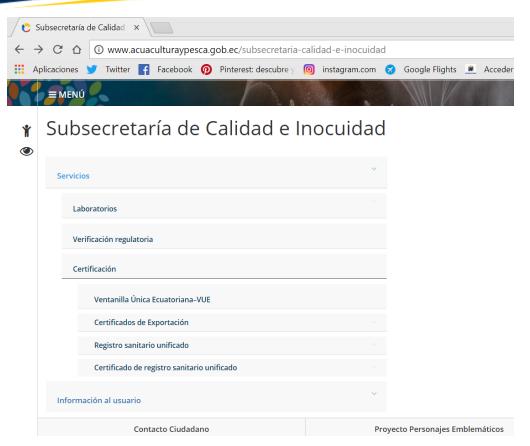
http://www.acuaculturaypesca.gob.ec/lista-de-establecimientos-internos-y-externos-aprobados

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b.ec/wp-content/uploads/2018/06/ACTUALIZA_CAMARONERAS_08JUNIO2018.pdf

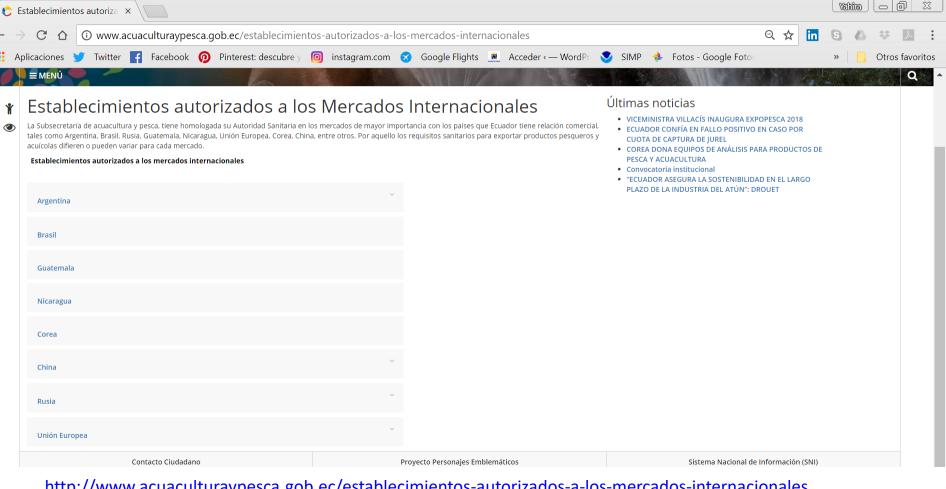


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http://www.acuaculturaypesca.gob.ec/subsecretaria-calidad-e-inocuidad



http://www.acuaculturaypesca.gob.ec/establecimientos-autorizados-a-los-mercados-internacionales



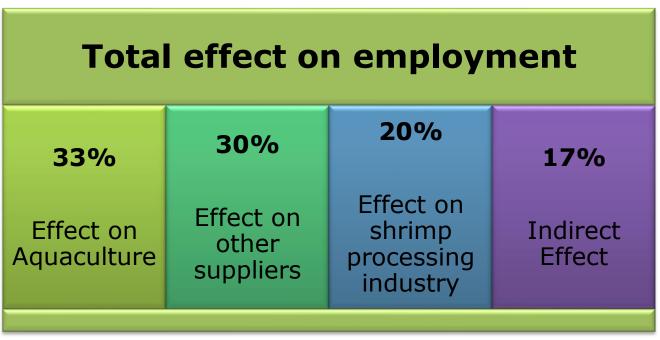


SOCIAL CONCERNS



Job Creation

Shrimp Industry sustains 195,000 jobs in Ecuador





Ecuador stands out in terms of **technology**:



Ecuadorian experts of shrimp production have moved to different countries like Egypt, Mexico, Indonesia, China and Thailand for training others.



- Ecuador leads global technology applied to shrimp aquaculture.
- The exported knowledge is reflected in the improvement of production systems in competitive countries.



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MARKET STRATEGIES



Certifications

90% of production area has state or private certification of good aquaculture practices, accredited to the European Union standards.

Certifications of private agencies in Ecuadorian shrimp industry:

























Communication strategy







IN PRODUCTION SINCE 1969
AND STILL GROWING

Similar concepts

www.thebestshrimpintheworld.com



GROWING THE FUTURE



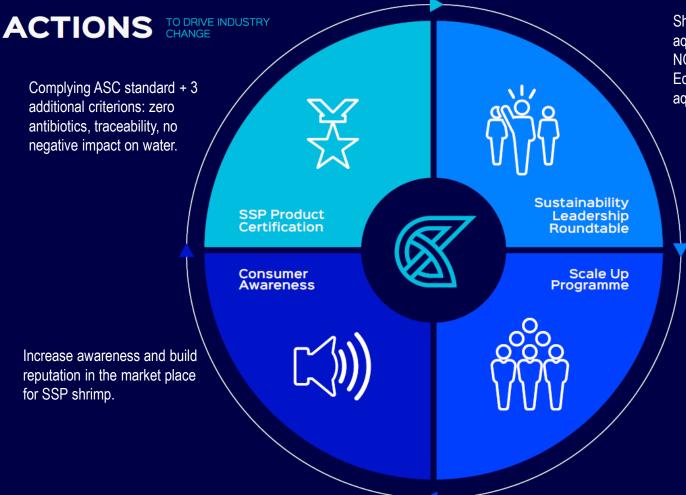




Sustainable Shrimp Partnership (SSP) is formed by a group of leading companies in the Ecuadorian shrimp sector; which, with the support of Aquaculture Stewardship Council (ASC) and World Wildlife Fund (WWF) are committed to creating a sustainable future for aquaculture, producing shrimp of premium quality, complying with the highest social and environmental standards, free of antibiotics and in a completely traceable way..

The main SSP objectives are:

- Produce a healthy, nutritious and pure shrimp in a sustainable manner.
- Promote the continuous improvement of shrimp production practices at a social and environmental level.
- Create differentiation in international markets, making the public aware of the best practices of shrimp production and its attributes.



Shape the future of aquaculture with support from NGO's, and build position of Ecuador as global leader in aquaculture sustainability.



Work with small and mid sized farms to help them improve practices and work up to achieving SSP standards, encourage better practices in the aquaculture industry.

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Where is Ecuador going?



- National and international promotional campaigns.
 Participation in seafood shows and trades.
- Specific certification with the highest standard.
- Technification: use of aerators and automatic feeders. Investment in R&D&I on shrimp nutrition and water/soil quality.
- Environmental sustainability: change of energy source and efficiency.





Thank you

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