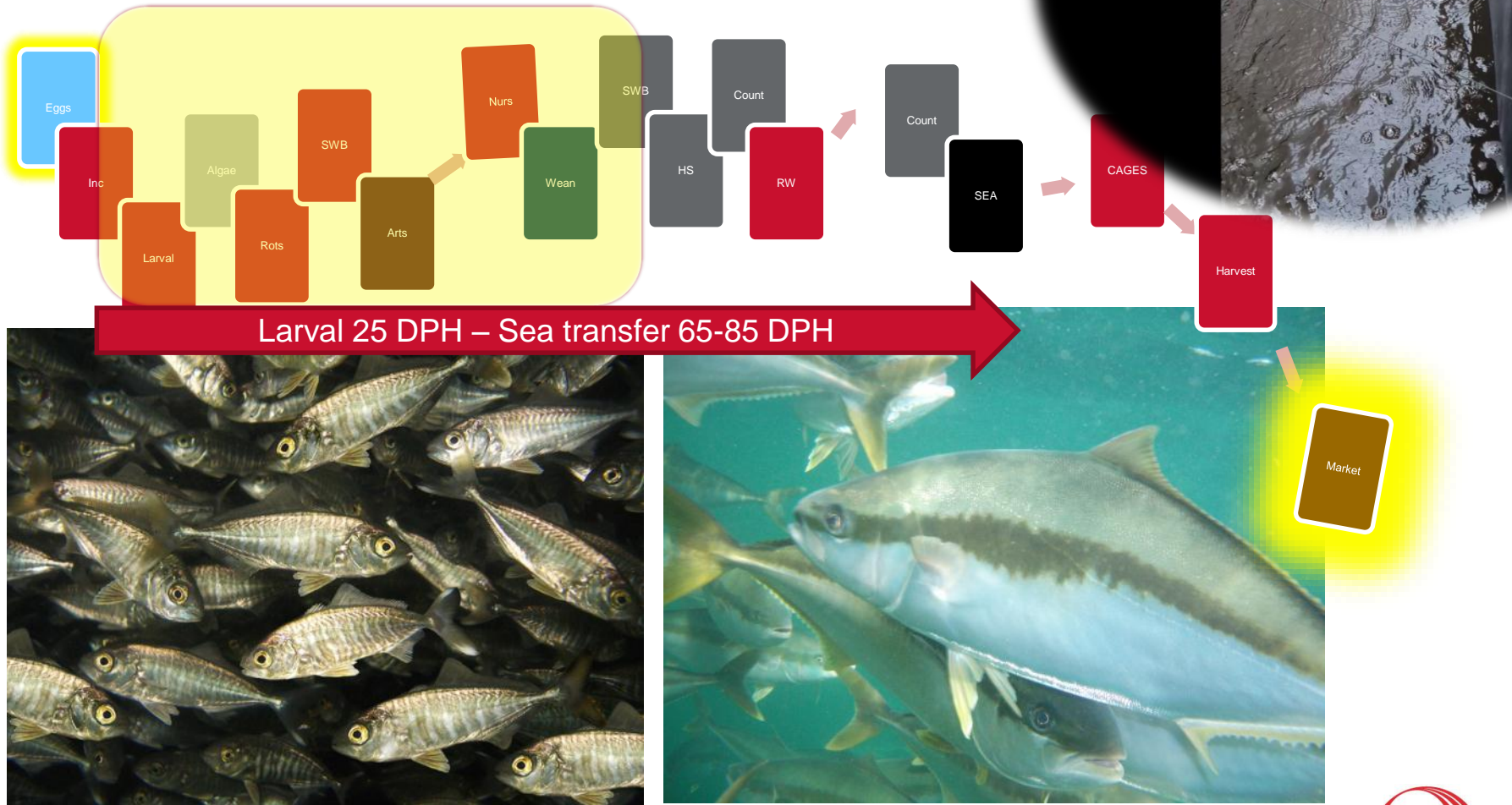


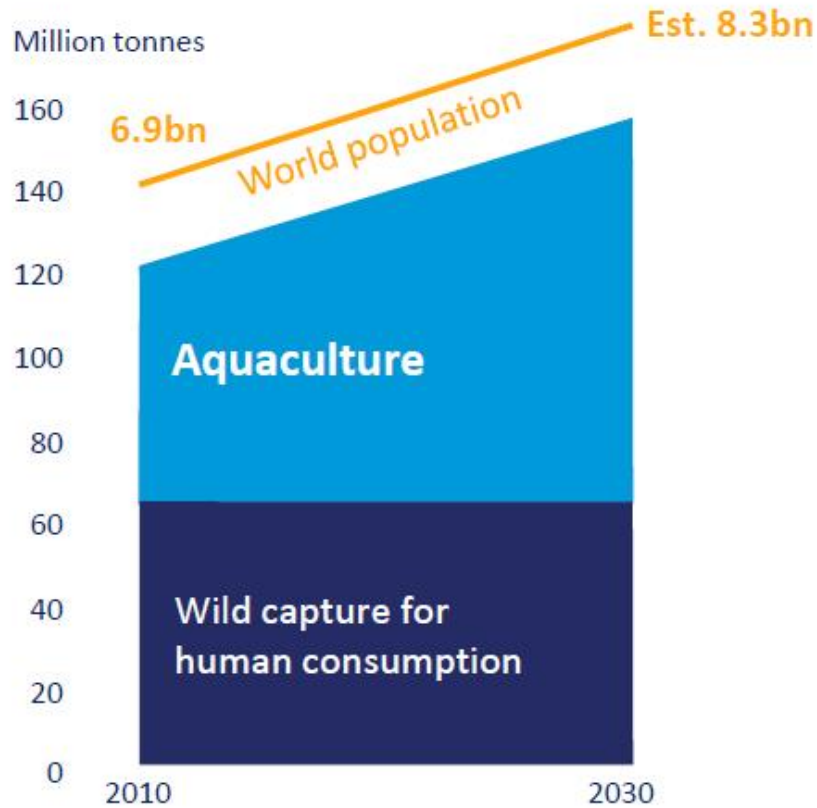
Eamonn O'Brien

LARVAL HATCHERY MANAGEMENT AND NUTRITIONAL ASPECTS FOR BETTER SURVIVAL

Hatchery – Production Overview



Oceans of opportunities



Source: FAO Fish to 2030
Prospects for Fisheries and Aquaculture, 2013



**Doubling food
production**



**Halving the pressure
on the planet**



**Feeding 9 billion
people in 2050**



feeding the future



The hatchery “edge” is the contrived boundary where natural process meet controlled environment.

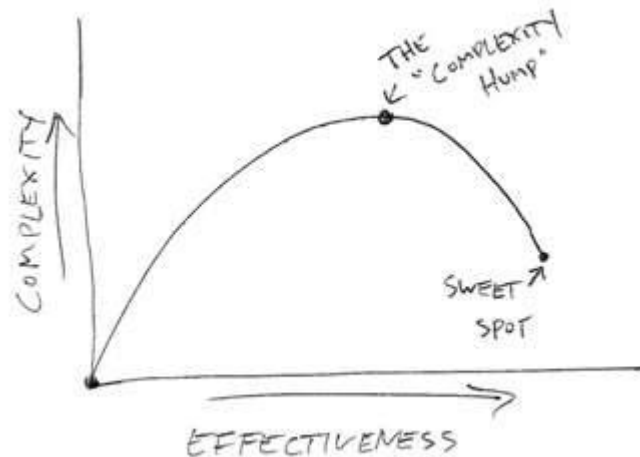


“It’s the edge effect.”

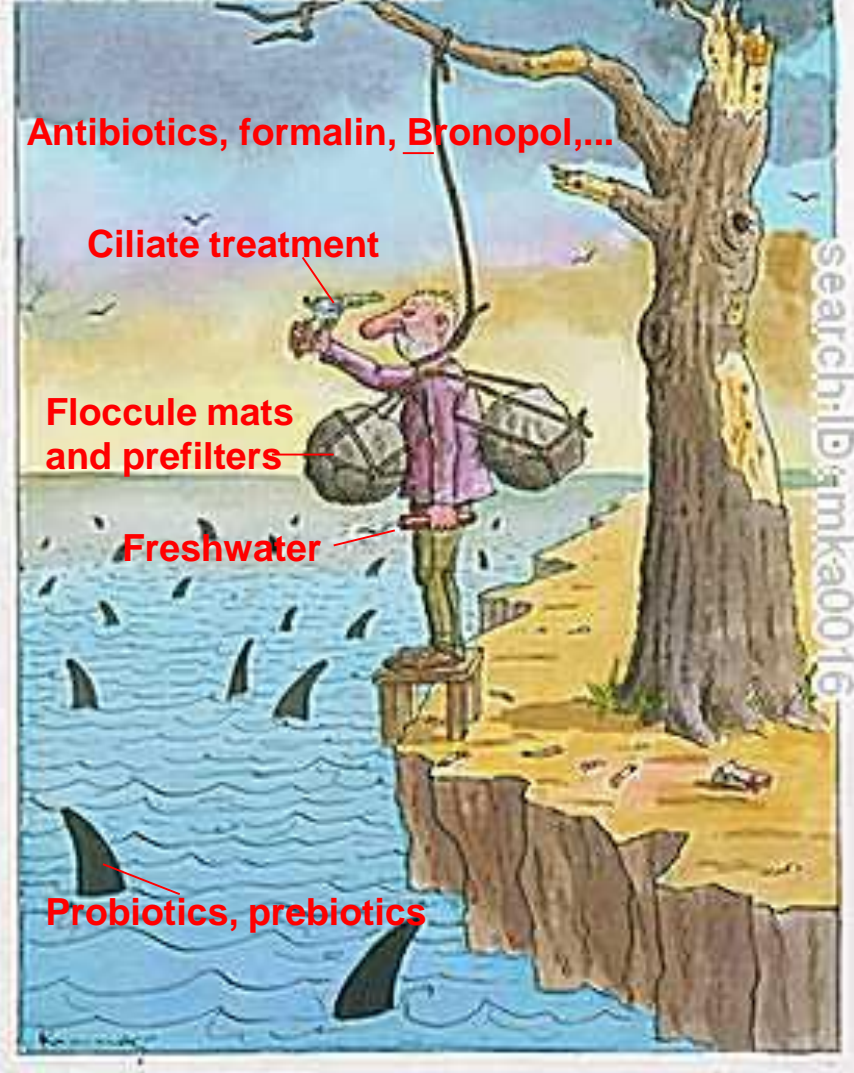


**Simplicity
is the ultimate
sophistication**

Leonardo da Vinci



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Live feed management

Survey source:

Rotigen EU Fair project (Q5RS-2002-01302)

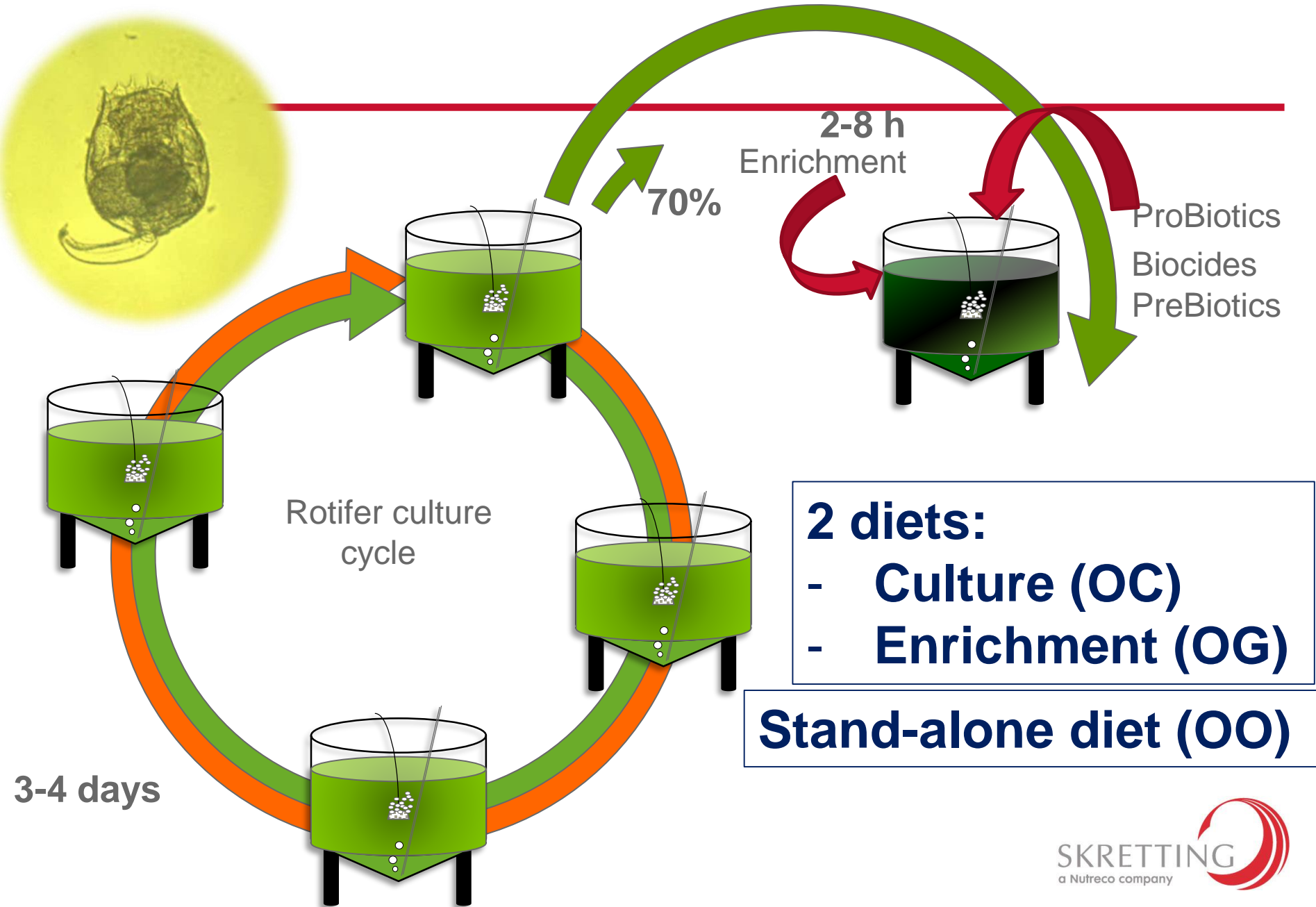
Rotifer crashes:

Human error	28%
Ciliates	18%
Oxygen	13%
Bacteria	13%
Floccules	5%
Ammonia	5%
Change feed	5%
Season	5%
Feed type	3%
Virus	3%

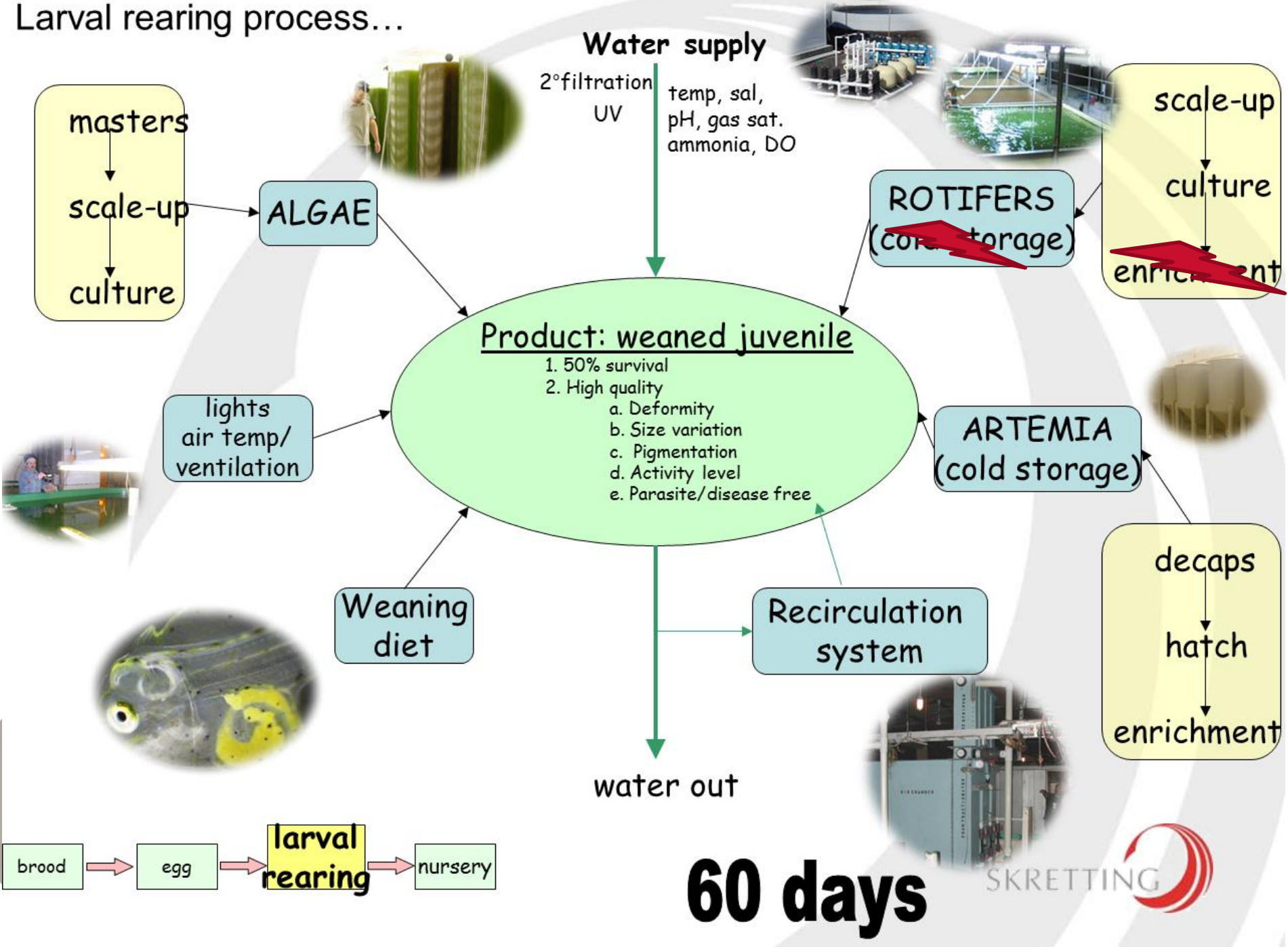
Most of the times :

- more work
- more problems
- more costs

Rotifer Production Process



Larval rearing process...



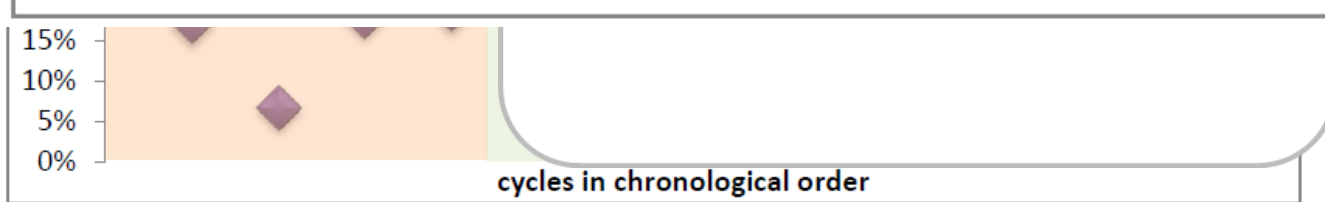
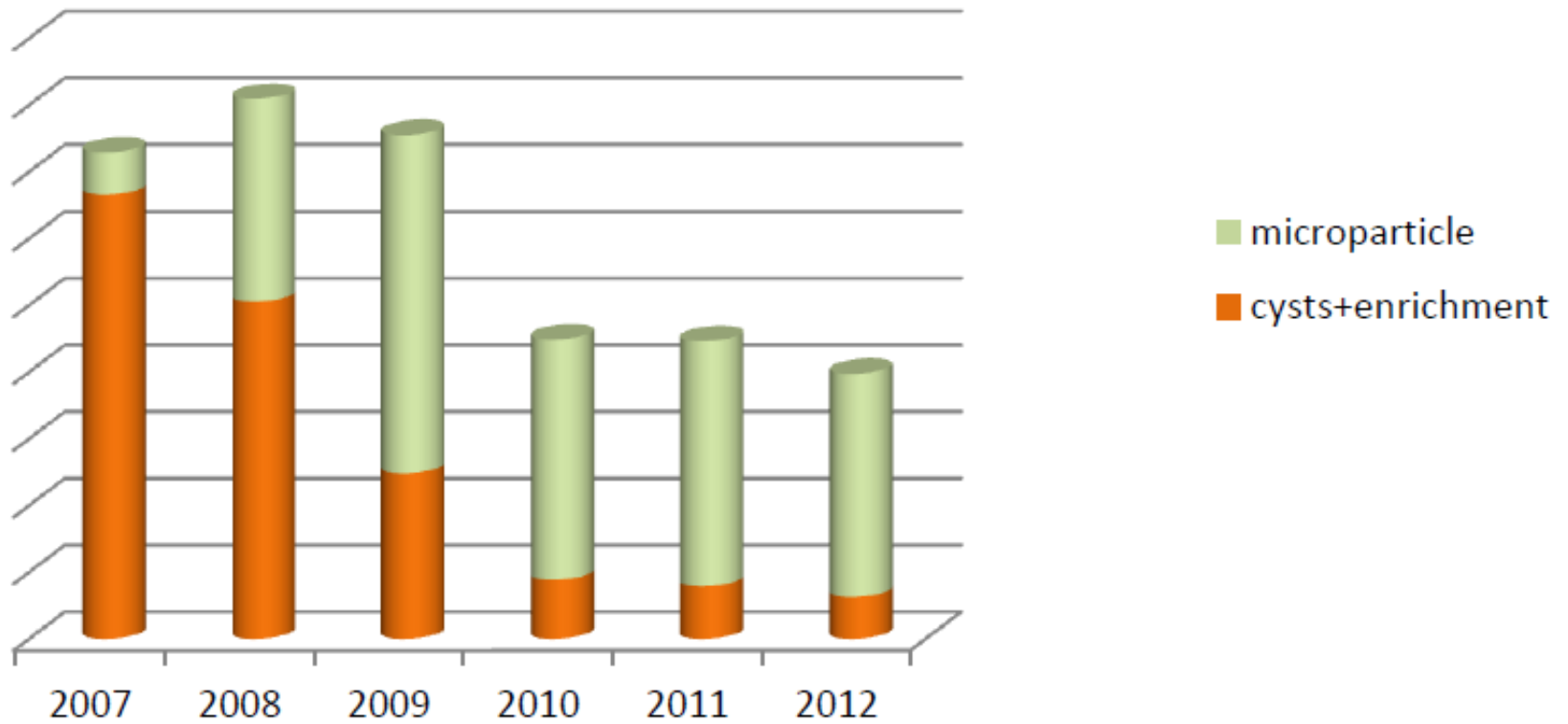
Early Weaning



- Hatchery today
 - Survival: 1-60% ϖ ~ 25% (state of the art?)
 - Costs increasing: Food 20%, labor 40%, energy 20%, others 20%
- Food: 50% is Artemia costs and increasing
- Artemia is a limiting resource
- Increasing survival, quality & consistency is key
- Risk of change... but the risk of not changing?

Improved output

Graph 3 : Evolution of purchase costs of larval food (for 1 million fingerlings invoiced)



Larval rearing process...



The Danger

now in cereal



Shrimp Hatchery Scenario

-
-
-
-

**Simplicity
is the ultimate
sophistication**

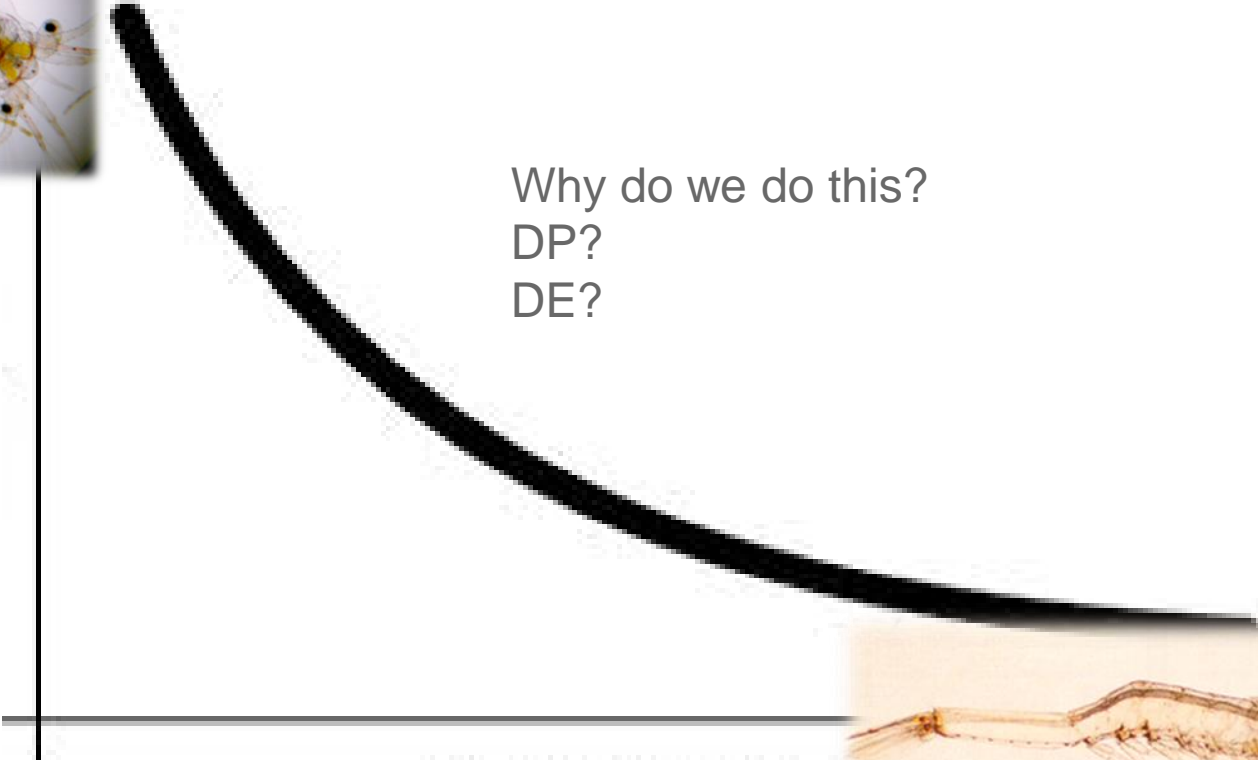
Leonardo da Vinci



Typical Hatchery Feeding Approach



Price/Quality



Why do we do this?
DP?
DE?



Cocktail Feeding

- Why?
- All diets lack some specific “thing”
- Good diets are too expensive

- How?
- Mix various feeds to cover all basis
- Typically use cheaper feeds which are more likely to be lacking

Vietnam - THE COCKTAIL FEEDS

Big/medium hatchery

- ZOEA period:** 40% Frippak1 + 40% LansyS + 20% Higashimaru
Average cost: US\$57.26/kg
- MYSIS period:** 25% Frippak2 + 35% LansyZM + 40% Higashimaru
Average cost: US\$42.52/kg
- PL1 to PL7:** 25% FrippakPL + 35% LansyMP + 40% Higashimaru
Average cost: US\$18.35/Kg
- PL8 to PL14:** 20% FrippakPL + 40% LansyPL + 40% Higashimaru
Average cost: US\$13.80/Kg

Other medium/small hatchery

- ZOEA period:** 30% Frippak1 + 50% Others + 20% Higashimaru
Average cost: US\$34.26/kg
- MYSIS period:** 20% Frippak2 + 40% Others + 40% Higashimaru
Average cost: US\$25.32/kg
- PL1 to PL7:** 60% Other products + 40% Higashimaru
Average cost: US\$10.92/Kg
- PL8 to PL14:** 60% Other products + 40% Higashimaru
Average cost: US\$9.72/Kg

Cocktail feed prep





Advanced larval & post larval nutrition for shrimp

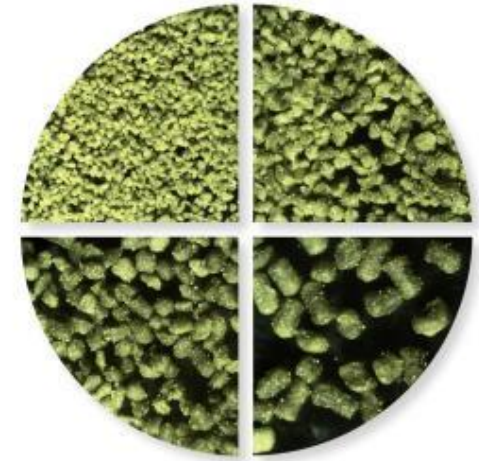
PL is Skretting's high quality shrimp starter diet designed to offer advanced nutrition to shrimp hatcheries. **PL**, with its unique innovative marine algal blend, is produced with a sophisticated technology utilising low temperatures to ensure maximal nutrient availability, freshness and stability.

PL is part of Skretting's Spectrum portfolio of feeds for marine hatcheries.

PL - Shrimp Larval and Post Larval diet

- Cold extruded for decreased protein denaturation and increased attractability & digestibility
- Softer particles & increased water stability
- Algae inclusion for natural diet & stability
- High protein mix & HUFA with low fat
- High Phospholipids and Cholesterol
- Vitamin C, E and Immunostimulants
- Based on principals of natural bacterial and viral suppressors

- **COMPLETELY BALANCED : NO NEED FOR COCKTAILS**

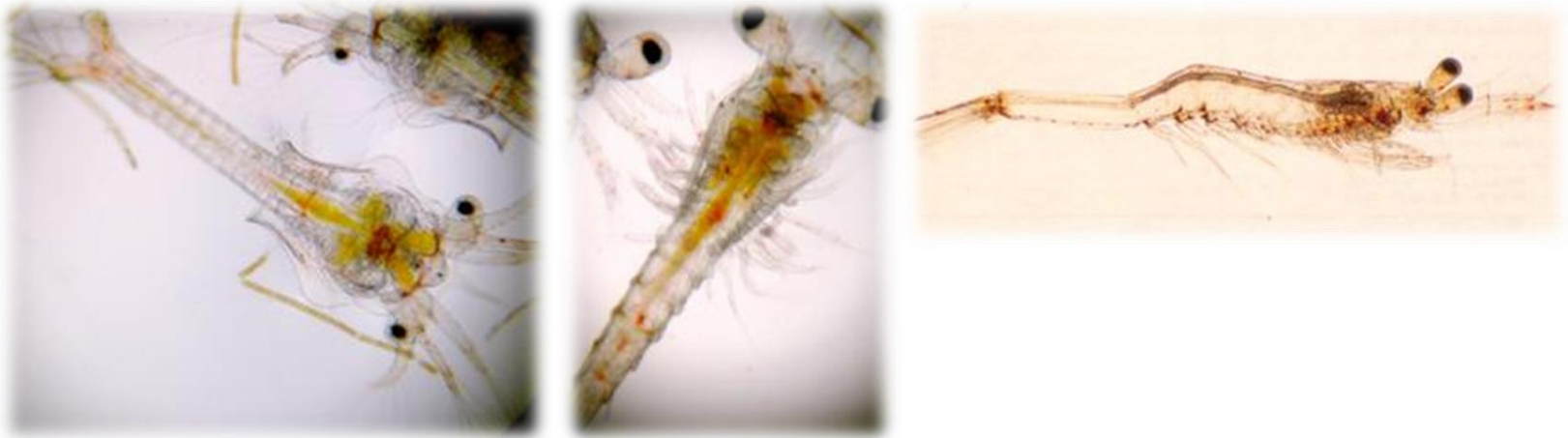


Feed program for Vietnam Trial

FEEDING GUIDE										FEEDING GUIDE									
MINH PHU FEEDING TABLE										SKRETTING									
unit : g/mil larvae										unit : g/mil larvae									
Stages	Fresh alage	F#1	F#2	Artemia cyst	Liquid Artemia	M1	M2	M4	Note	Stages	Fresh alage	PL#0	PL#0 + Instar	Artemia cyst	Liquid Artemia	PL#1	PL#2	PL#3	Note
N-Z1									fed tank with fresh algae when seeing the first Z1 larval	N-Z1									fed tank with fresh algae when seeing the first Z1 larval
Z1	2.5	2 x 8								Z1	2.5	2 x 8							
Z2	3	4 x 8								Z2	3		4 x 8						
Z3	3.5	6 x 6			12 x 2					Z3	3.5		6 x 8						
Z3-M1		7 x 6			15 x 2					Z3-M1			7 x 8						
M1			7 x 6		20 x 2				Liquid Artemia was well shaken before use	M1					20 x 2	7 x 6			Liquid Artemia was well shaken before use
M2			7 x 6		25 x 2					M2					25 x 2	7 x 6			
M3			8 x 6		25 x 2					M3					25 x 2	8 x 6			
M3-P1			9 x 6		30 x 2					M3-P1					30 x 2	9 x 6			
P1				35 x 4		9 x 2		9 x 2	- PL1 - PL4 fed with unenriched Artemia nauplii - PL5 - PL8 fed with enriched Artemia. - Fed M4 in between of M1 and M2.	P1				35 x 4			9 x 4		- PL1 - PL4 fed with unenriched Artemia nauplii - PL5 - PL8 fed with enriched Artemia.
P2				40 x 4		9 x 2		9 x 2		P2				40 x 4			9 x 4		
P3				45 x 4		10 x 2		10 x 2		P3				45 x 4			10 x 4		
P4				50 x 4		10 x 2		10 x 2		P4				50 x 4			10 x 4		
P5				55 x 4			14 x 2	14 x 2		P5				55 x 4				14 x 4	
P6				60 x 4			17 x 2	17 x 2		P6				60 x 4				17 x 4	
P7				70 x 4			20 x 2	20 x 2		P7				70 x 4				20 x 4	
P8				70 x 4			22 x 2	22 x 2		P8				70 x 4				22 x 4	

Result Trial in Vietnam

- Survival: Skretting 53% Control 50%
- Length: Skretting 6.7mm Control 6.1mm



Tank	Treatment	Nauplii	Avg Nau/tank	PL8	Avg PL8/tank	Total length (mm)	Avg total length (mm)	Survival	Avg survival
Control 1	Control	1,000,000	1,000,000	469,891	497,827	6.13	6.14	47.0%	49.8%
Control 2		1,000,000		525,764		6.15		52.6%	
Skretting 1	Skretting	1,000,000	1,000,000	594,642	531,457	6.85	6.66	59.5%	53.1%
Skretting 2		1,000,000		468,273		6.47		46.8%	
Total/Avg		4,000,000		2,058,569				51.5%	

Mexico

- Trial performed in Maricultura Del Pacifico
- 25M³ tanks stocked with 400nauplii per litre
- Fed Skretting PL diet versus Hatchery cocktail
- Survival evaluations and final weight at PL10

Stage	Skretting PL %	Spirulina %	Artemia Flake %
Zoea	80	20	
Mysis	70	15	15
PL1-PL4	60	10	30
PL5-PL10	60		40

Tank	Density Nauplii/L	Surv. Mysis %	Surv. My- PL10 %	Surv. N-PL10 %	Final Weight mg
Control	371	92	54	50	2.2
PL	386	90	85	77	1.9

Ecuador:



Evaluation from PL7- PL14

	Survival	g/day	Animals/kg
Skretting	91%	82-88	169
Control	89%	77-82	184
Improsa	87%	75-80	200

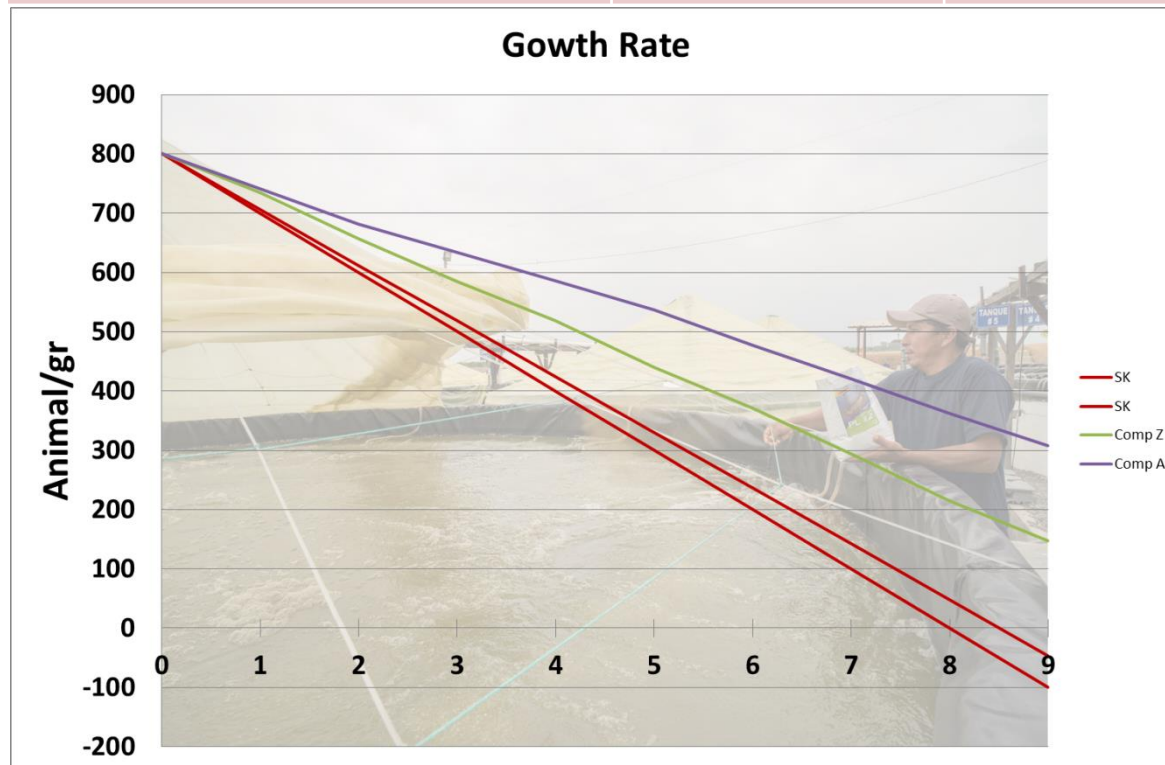


- Bigger animals
- Slightly higher survival

Ecuador:

- Boosting of PL to get maximum growth and health benefit before the release in the ponds

	PL ₇	PL ₁₂	PL ₂₈
Days gained on best control	≥ equal	~2 days	~5 days



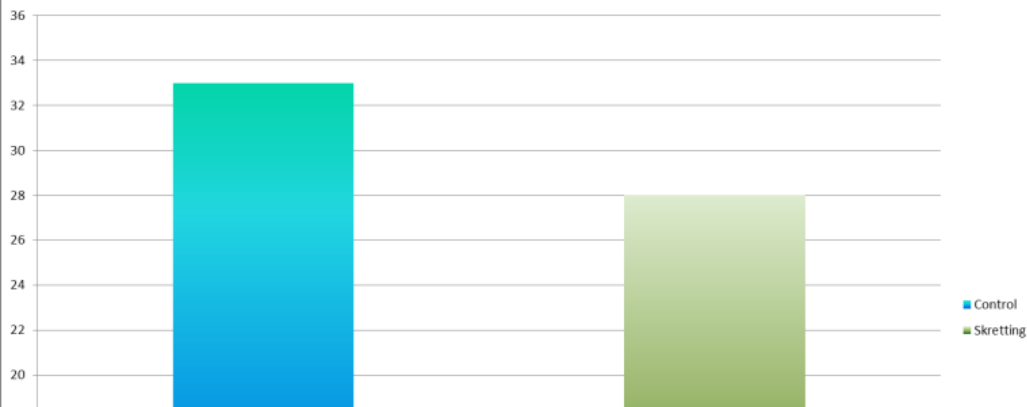
Raceway Application

- Objective: Reach 12animal/gr

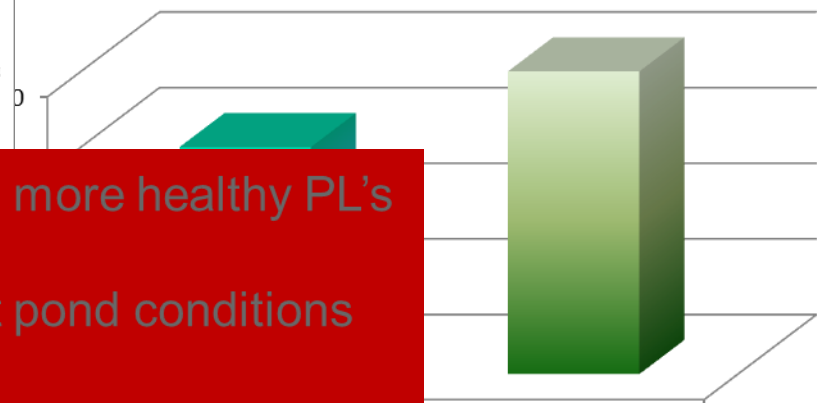


Survival

PL Age at 12npl/gr



Growth (sizes/day)



- Possibility to stock stronger & more healthy PL's
- Or stock earlier
- Maximum security to confront pond conditions and diseases

Control

Skretting

PL₁₄₋₂₁

PL₂₁₋₂₅

PL₂₅₋₂₈

Diet used

PL#3

PL#4

PL#4 & GO

Conclusion on PL diets from users in Asia & S. America

- Very nice results obtained in very different rearing conditions showing that the products have potential
- The PL diets are at least as good as the n°1 diet in different area's and perform as well as various cocktail mixes
- Recognition that thanks to its Expertise in Larval feeds Skretting could change the usual practice of using a mix of several diets to one single product
- High quality & high protein diets with a balanced protein/fat ratio show an increased growth and health condition of PL's
- Possibility to reduce *Artemia* consumption
- Possibility to enhance pre stocking size and condition
- EU diet specification followed by Skretting is a guarantee for quality
- A diet manufacturer outside the biohazard zone (EMS,...) is seen as an advantage for biosecurity

Our Values



feeding the future